

# Cambridge International AS & A Level

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**COMPUTER SCIENCE****9618/21**

Paper 2 Fundamental Problem-solving and Programming Skills

**May/June 2025**

MARK SCHEME

Maximum Mark: 75

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**Published**

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge International will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge International is publishing the mark schemes for the May/June 2025 series for most Cambridge IGCSE, Cambridge International A and AS Level components, and some Cambridge O Level components.

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This document consists of **14** printed pages.

**Generic Marking Principles**

These general marking principles must be applied by all examiners when marking candidate answers. They should be applied alongside the specific content of the mark scheme or generic level descriptions for a question. Each question paper and mark scheme will also comply with these marking principles.

**GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 1:**

Marks must be awarded in line with:

- the specific content of the mark scheme or the generic level descriptors for the question
- the specific skills defined in the mark scheme or in the generic level descriptors for the question
- the standard of response required by a candidate as exemplified by the standardisation scripts.

**GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 2:**

Marks awarded are always **whole marks** (not half marks, or other fractions).

**GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 3:**

Marks must be awarded **positively**:

- marks are awarded for correct/valid answers, as defined in the mark scheme. However, credit is given for valid answers which go beyond the scope of the syllabus and mark scheme, referring to your Team Leader as appropriate
- marks are awarded when candidates clearly demonstrate what they know and can do
- marks are not deducted for errors
- marks are not deducted for omissions
- answers should only be judged on the quality of spelling, punctuation and grammar when these features are specifically assessed by the question as indicated by the mark scheme. The meaning, however, should be unambiguous.

**GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 4:**

Rules must be applied consistently, e.g. in situations where candidates have not followed instructions or in the application of generic level descriptors.

**GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 5:**

Marks should be awarded using the full range of marks defined in the mark scheme for the question (however; the use of the full mark range may be limited according to the quality of the candidate responses seen).

**GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 6:**

Marks awarded are based solely on the requirements as defined in the mark scheme. Marks should not be awarded with grade thresholds or grade descriptors in mind.













**Annotations guidance for centres**


Examiners use a system of annotations as a shorthand for communicating their marking decisions to one another. Examiners are trained during the standardisation process on how and when to use annotations. The purpose of annotations is to inform the standardisation and monitoring processes and guide the supervising examiners when they are checking the work of examiners within their team. The meaning of annotations and how they are used is specific to each component and is understood by all examiners who mark the component.

We publish annotations in our mark schemes to help centres understand the annotations they may see on copies of scripts. Note that there may not be a direct correlation between the number of annotations on a script and the mark awarded. Similarly, the use of an annotation may not be an indication of the quality of the response.

The annotations listed below were available to examiners marking this component in this series.

**Annotations**

<b>Annotation</b>	<b>Meaning</b>
	Benefit of the doubt
	To indicate where a key word/phrase/code is missing
	Incorrect
	Follow through
	Indicate a point in an answer
Highlighted text	To draw attention to a particular aspect or to indicate where parts of an answer have been combined
	Ignore
	Not answered question
	No examples or not enough
	Not relevant or used to separate parts of an answer
Off-page comment	Allows comments to be entered at the bottom of the RM marking window and then displayed when the associated question item is navigated to.
	Repetition
	Indicates that work on a page has been seen including blank answer spaces and blank pages.
	Correct

Annotation	Meaning
	Too vague

**Mark scheme abbreviations**

/	separates alternative words / phrases within a marking point
//	separates alternative answers within a marking point
<u>Underline</u>	actual word given must be used by candidate (grammatical variants accepted)
<b>Max</b>	indicates the maximum number of marks that can be awarded
( )	the word / phrase in brackets is not required, but sets the context
<b>bold</b>	word/phrase in bold indicates this is a key word/phrase in the candidates answer and this word/phrase or a word/phrase with a similar meaning must be present

Question	Answer				Marks	
1(a)	Example value	Explanation	Variable name	Data type	4	
	"Fruit"	a category of stock that is sold in the shop	Category	STRING		
	20/02/2025	when an item was sold	DateSold	DATE		
	12.67	the cost of an item	(Item) Cost/Price	REAL		
	TRUE	to indicate if an item is in stock	(Item) InStock	BOOLEAN		
	Mark as follows: 1 mark per row for each variable name <b>and</b> data type					
1(b)	Pseudocode extract		Assignment	Selection	Iteration	5
	Result ← CalculateTotal()		✓			
	WHILE IsClosed				✓	
	REPEAT INPUT Value UNTIL Sales[4] > Value		✓		✓	
	IF Sales[Current] <= 150 THEN Discount ← TRUE ENDIF		✓	✓		
	CASE OF Option			✓		
Mark as follows: One mark for each correct row						
1(c)	Decomposition involves:  <b>MP1</b> Breaking down a problem into <b>sub problems</b> <b>MP2</b> In order to explain / understand <b>the process/task</b> of how a (stock control) can be managed in more detail  <b>MP3</b> Leading to the concept of the program designed as a series of <b>modules</b> / procedures / functions // or <b>by example</b> of different <b>stock control</b> modules  <b>MP4</b> Makes the <b>program</b> easier to <b>test / debug</b>  <b>Max 3</b>  <b>Max 2</b> if no mention of stock control				3	

Question	Answer	Marks
2(a)(i)	<b>MP1</b> The two decision boxes are in the wrong order // The <b>first decision</b> symbol is wrong  <b>MP2</b> The first decision should check for values greater than or equal to 2000  <b>Max 1</b>	<b>1</b>
2(a)(ii)	Explaining how to correct the flowchart.  <b>MP1</b> Swap around the two decision boxes  <b>MP2</b> The first decision box should check for values greater than or equal to 2000 <b>and</b> the second decision box should check for values above 4000  <b>Max 1</b>	<b>1</b>
2(b)(i)	2000 / 4000 / 10 / 100	<b>1</b>
2(b)(ii)	<b>MP1</b> The value <b>cannot be changed</b> // avoids being different in two places <b>MP2</b> Makes the program easier to understand  <b>MP3</b> Avoids repeatedly writing the same value throughout the program <b>MP4</b> A change to the value requires a change in only one statement  <b>Max 2</b>	<b>2</b>
2(b)(iii)	<b>MP1</b> (The code is) tried and tested so error free  <b>MP2</b> Provides functionality / code that the programmer may find difficult to code themselves  <b>Max 1</b>	<b>1</b>
2(c)	<b>MP1</b> <b>Syntax (error)</b> <b>MP2</b> Rules of programming language // the language grammar was not followed  <b>MP3</b> <b>Run-time (error)</b> <b>MP4</b> The program performs an illegal operation  Mark as follows: One mark for naming each type of error <b>and</b> one mark for the description	<b>4</b>

Question	Answer	Marks
3	<p>Example solution:</p> <pre> DECLARE GeneratedValue : INTEGER DECLARE Guess : INTEGER  GeneratedValue ← INT(RAND(100)) + 1  REPEAT   OUTPUT "Enter a guess between 1 and 100: "   INPUT Guess    IF Guess &gt; GeneratedValue THEN     OUTPUT "Guess was too high"   ENDIF   IF Guess &lt; GeneratedValue THEN     OUTPUT "Guess was too low"   ENDIF UNTIL Guess = GeneratedValue  OUTPUT "Number guessed correctly" </pre> <p><b>MP1</b> Declare all variables used</p> <p><b>MP2</b> Uses <code>RAND()</code> function</p> <p><b>MP3</b> Uses <code>INT()</code> function</p> <p><b>MP4</b> Correct syntax for random number between 1 and 100</p> <p><b>MP5</b> Conditional loop until correct number guessed</p> <p><b>MP6</b> Prompt and input a guess <b>in a loop</b></p> <p><b>MP7</b> Check if guess is too high <b>in a loop</b></p> <p><b>MP8</b> Check if guess is too low <b>in a loop</b></p> <p><b>MP9</b> Output appropriate message (x2) when the number is <b>not</b> guessed correctly (<b>in the loop</b>) <b>and</b> output correct guess message</p> <p><b>Max 8</b></p>	8



Question	Answer	Marks																																																																																																																
4(a)	<p><b>MP1</b>    Count-controlled</p> <p><b>MP2</b>    The number of iterations required is known</p>	2																																																																																																																
4(b)	<table><tr><th rowspan="2">I</th><th rowspan="2">Key</th><th rowspan="2">J</th><th rowspan="2">Chars [J]</th><th colspan="4">Chars</th></tr><tr><th>[1]</th><th>[2]</th><th>[3]</th><th>[4]</th></tr><tr><td>2</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>'D'</td><td>'T'</td><td>'H'</td><td>'R'</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>'T'</td><td>1</td><td>'D'</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td>3</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td></td><td>'H'</td><td>2</td><td>'T'</td><td></td><td></td><td>'T'</td><td></td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td><td>1</td><td>'D'</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>'H'</td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td>4</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td></td><td>'R'</td><td>3</td><td>'T'</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>'T'</td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td><td>2</td><td>'H'</td><td></td><td></td><td>('R')</td><td></td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>'R'</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>5</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr></table> <p>Chars array final values</p> <table><tr><td>'D'</td><td>'H'</td><td>'R'</td><td>'T'</td></tr></table>	I	Key	J	Chars [J]	Chars				[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]	2				'D'	'T'	'H'	'R'		'T'	1	'D'													3									'H'	2	'T'			'T'				1	'D'										'H'			4									'R'	3	'T'				'T'			2	'H'			('R')								'R'		5								'D'	'H'	'R'	'T'	6
I	Key					J	Chars [J]	Chars																																																																																																										
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Mark as follows:

**MP1, MP2, MP3, MP4, MP5**

1 mark per enclosure

Question	Answer	Marks
5	<p><b>MP1</b> Pop an item off the stack</p> <p><b>MP2</b> Update Stack pointer</p> <p><b>MP3</b> Add it to the queue</p> <p><b>MP4</b> Update Rear pointer</p> <p><b>MP5</b> Repeat until the <b>stack is empty</b></p> <p><b>MP6</b> Remove an item from the queue</p> <p><b>MP7</b> Update Front pointer</p> <p><b>MP8</b> Push it onto the stack</p> <p><b>MP9</b> Update the Stack pointer</p> <p><b>MP10</b> Repeat until the <b>queue is empty</b></p> <p><b>Max 7</b></p>	7

Question	Answer	Marks																		
6(a)	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Type of test data</th><th>Test data value</th><th>Expected outcome</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>normal</td><td>36</td><td>data item is accepted</td></tr> <tr> <td>boundary/ extreme/ normal</td><td>0 / 1</td><td>data item is accepted</td></tr> <tr> <td>boundary/ extreme/ normal</td><td>59 / 60</td><td>data item is accepted</td></tr> <tr> <td>abnormal</td><td><math>\geq 61</math></td><td>data item is rejected</td></tr> <tr> <td>normal</td><td>15</td><td>data item is accepted</td></tr> </tbody> </table> <p>Mark as follows: 1 mark for each row with (Type <b>and</b> Value <b>and</b> Outcome)</p>	Type of test data	Test data value	Expected outcome	normal	36	data item is accepted	boundary/ extreme/ normal	0 / 1	data item is accepted	boundary/ extreme/ normal	59 / 60	data item is accepted	abnormal	$\geq 61$	data item is rejected	normal	15	data item is accepted	4
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Question	Answer	Marks
6(b)	<p>Example solution:</p> <pre> PROCEDURE Sort()   DECLARE Temp, J, Boundary : INTEGER   DECLARE NoSwaps : BOOLEAN    Boundary ← 1999    REPEAT     NoSwaps ← TRUE     FOR J ← 1 TO Boundary       IF Reading[J, 1] &gt; Reading[J+1, 1] THEN         //first swap sensor value         Temp ← Reading[J, 1]         Reading[J, 1] ← Reading[J+1, 1]         Reading[J+1, 1] ← Temp         //now swap corresponding ID         Temp ← Reading[J, 2]         Reading[J, 2] ← Reading[J+1, 2]         Reading[J+1, 2] ← Temp         NoSwaps ← FALSE       ENDIF     NEXT J     Boundary ← Boundary - 1   UNTIL NoSwaps = TRUE  ENDPROCEDURE </pre> <p><b>MP1</b> Procedure heading <b>and</b> ending  <b>MP2</b> Conditional loop correctly formed including Boolean flag declared and initialised</p> <p><b>MP3</b> An inner loop  <b>MP4</b> Correct range 1 to 1999 for inner loop</p> <p><b>MP5</b> Comparison of element J with J+1 in a loop  <b>MP6</b> Declare Temp variable <b>and</b> swap elements in a loop  <b>MP7</b> <b>Both</b> SensorID <b>and</b> Speed values were swapped in a loop</p> <p><b>MP8</b> 'No-Swap' mechanism:  <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Conditional <b>outer</b> loop including flag reset</li> <li>Flag set in <b>inner</b> loop to indicate swap</li> </ul> </p> <p><b>MP9</b> Reducing Boundary in the <u>outer</u> loop</p>	8

Question	Answer	Marks
7(a)	<p>Example solution:</p> <pre> FUNCTION CustomerOrder(Number, Points : INTEGER) RETURNS                                 INTEGER      DECLARE NewPoints, NumberFree: INTEGER      NewPoints ← Points + Number     NumberFree ← 0     WHILE NewPoints &gt;= 11 AND Number &gt; 0         NumberFree ← NumberFree + 1         NewPoints ← NewPoints -11         Number ← Number - 1     END WHILE      OUTPUT "Number of free coffees is: ", NumberFree     RETURN NewPoints ENDFUNCTION </pre> <p><b>MP1</b> Function header <b>and</b> ending <b>and</b> parameters <b>and</b> return type  <b>MP2</b> Number of coffees ordered added to points</p> <p><b>MP3</b> Correct calculation of one free coffee</p> <p><b>MP4</b> Attempted calculation of multiple free coffees <b>and</b> reduced <code>NewPoints</code></p> <p><b>MP5</b> Output number of free drinks with suitable message</p> <p><b>MP6</b> Return of <code>NewPoints</code></p>	6

Question	Answer	Marks
7(b)(i)	<p>Example solution:</p> <pre> PROCEDURE AddNewCustomers (NumToAdd : INTEGER)      DECLARE CustomerID : INTEGER     DECLARE Count : INTEGER     DECLARE Line : STRING     DECLARE NewLine : STRING     OPENFILE "Loyalty.txt" FOR READ      WHILE NOT EOF("Loyalty.txt")         READFILE "Loyalty.txt", Line     ENDWHILE     CLOSEFILE "Loyalty.txt"      OPENFILE "Loyalty.txt" FOR APPEND      CustomerID ← STR_TO_NUM((LEFT(Line, 6)))      FOR Count ← 1 TO NumToAdd         CustomerID ← CustomerID + 1         OUTPUT CustomerID         NewLine ← NUM_TO_STR(CustomerID) &amp; ",0"         WRITEFILE "Loyalty.txt", NewLine     NEXT Count      CLOSEFILE "Loyalty.txt" ENDPROCEDURE </pre> <p>Mark as follows:</p> <p><b>MP1</b> All variables used are declared using the correct type including a string <b>and</b> an integer</p> <p><b>MP2</b> Open file in read mode <b>and</b> close (before opening in append mode)</p> <p><b>MP3</b> Conditional loop with <u>EOF("Loyalty.txt")</u></p> <p><b>MP4</b> Read Line from file // Count number of records in the file</p> <p><b>MP5</b> Open the file in append mode <b>and</b> subsequently close</p> <p><b>MP6</b> Extract CustomerID from Line <b>and</b> convert to integer // use count from MP4 to generate last CustomerID stored</p> <p><b>MP7</b> A (count controlled) loop for the number of customers to add</p> <p><b>MP8</b> Increment CustomerID <b>and</b> output the new CustomerID in loop</p> <p><b>MP9</b> Create string for new CustomerID <b>and</b> write to file in loop</p> <p><b>Max 8</b></p>	8

Question	Answer	Marks
7(b)(ii)	<p><b>MP1</b> Check if the text file <code>loyalty.txt</code> exists / is empty</p> <p><b>MP2</b> If file does not exist it must be created (using write mode)</p> <p><b>MP3</b> If the file has to be created / is empty then set the first <code>CustomerID</code> to 100001</p> <p><b>MP4</b> Write "100001,0" to <code>loyalty.txt</code> (using write mode)</p> <p><b>MP5</b> For all but the first customer (to be added to the empty file) <b>use the existing code / module</b></p> <p><b>Max 4</b></p>	<b>4</b>